

- I can find the equation of a line parallel to another line through a given coordinate.
- I can find the equation of a line perpendicular to another line through a given coordinate.
- I can find the distance between two points.
- I can find the midpoint of a line segment.

1. Find the equation of the line parallel to $y = 2 - \frac{3}{4}x$ that passes through the point (8, -3). Put your equation in slope-intercept form.

A. $y = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{41}{3}$

B. $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{23}{3}$

C. $y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 3$

D. $y = \frac{3}{4}x - 9$

$$y + 3 = -\frac{3}{4}(x - 8)$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 6 - 3$$

2. Find the equation of the line perpendicular to $y = 2 - \frac{3}{4}x$ that passes through the point (8, -3). Put your equation in slope-intercept form.

A. $y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 3$

B. $y = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{23}{3}$

C. $y = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{41}{3}$

D. $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{23}{3}$

$$y + 3 = \frac{4}{3}(x - 8)$$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{32}{3} - 3$$

3. Find the midpoint for a line segment with the following endpoints: (2, -7) & (-6, -12)

A. (4, 2.5)

B. (-2, -9.5)

C. (-2.5, -9)

D. (4.5, 3)

$$M = \left(\frac{2 + (-6)}{2}, \frac{-7 + (-12)}{2} \right)$$

$$M = \left(-\frac{4}{2}, \frac{-19}{2} \right)$$

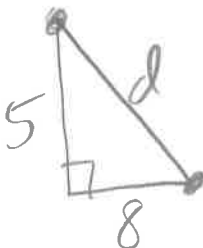
4. Find the length of the line segments with endpoints: (2, -7) & (-6, -12).

A. $\sqrt{39}$

B. $\sqrt{425}$

C. $\sqrt{117}$

D. $\sqrt{89}$



$$8^2 + 5^2 = d^2$$

$$64 + 25 = d^2$$

5. Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector for the line segment from $(-4, -2)$ to $(6, 3)$. Write your equation in slope-intercept form.

1) Find midpoint: $\left(\frac{-4+6}{2}, \frac{-2+3}{2}\right) = \left(1, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

2) Find slope: $m = \frac{3 - (-2)}{6 - (-4)} = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$

3) Find equation of \perp line through midpoint:

$$y - \frac{1}{2} = -2(x - 1)$$

$$y = -2x + 2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = -2x + 2.5$$